

Feb 24

Goal: Given a, b, z, v where $b \in \{0, 1, \dots, a-1\}$, solve the system of 2 equations:

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \circlearrowleft U \quad \text{---} \quad \circlearrowright \\ \text{---} \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \circlearrowleft a/b \\ \text{---} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \circlearrowleft U \quad \text{---} \quad \circlearrowright t/w \\ \text{---} \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \circlearrowleft z/v \\ \text{---} \end{array}$$

Case I: Suppose U is rational.

Suppose $U = j/p$. Then

$$\frac{j}{p} = \frac{a}{b+Ka} \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{t}{w} = \frac{zx - a\tilde{v}}{b\tilde{v} - zy - kt}$$

or

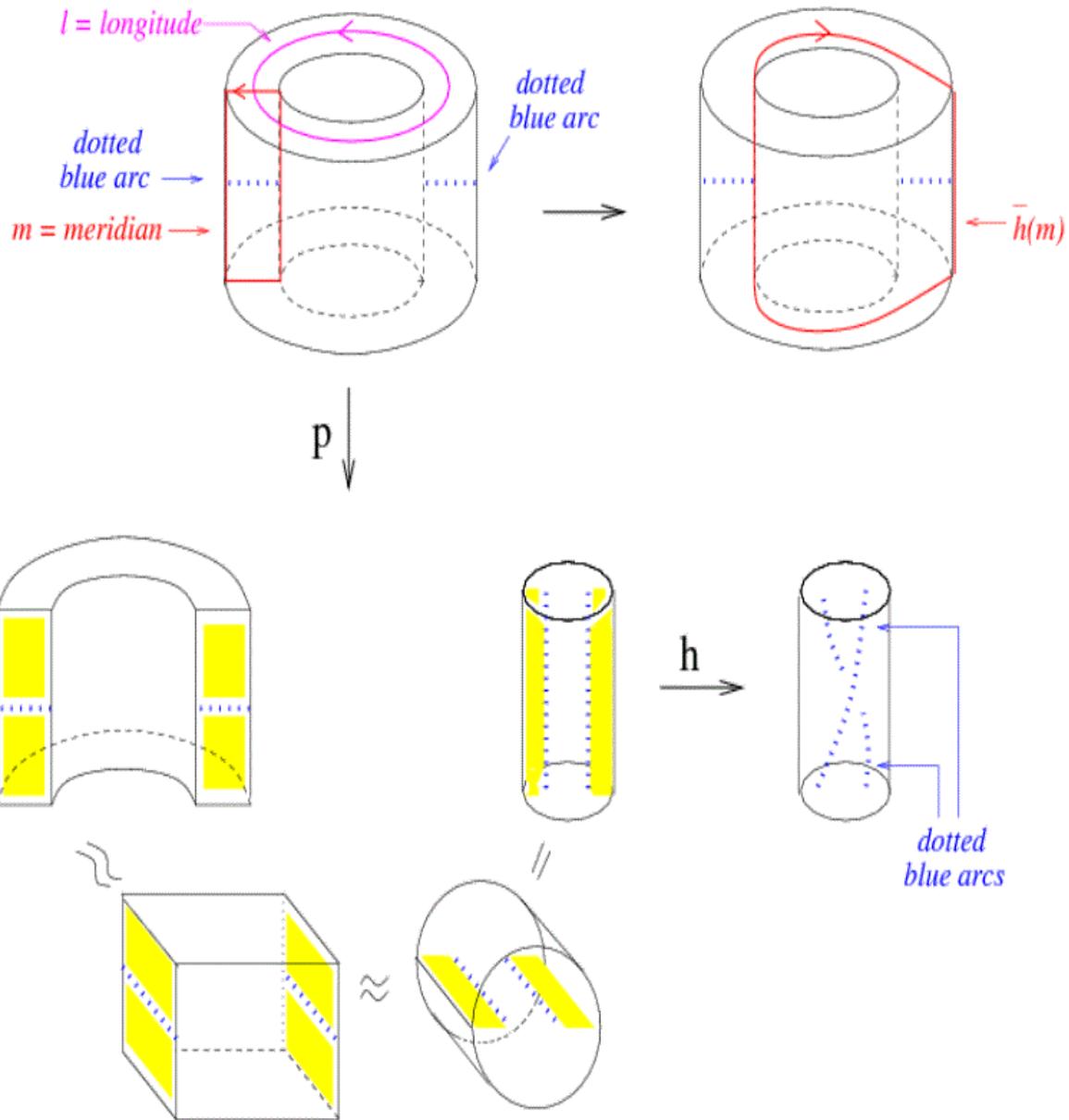
$$\frac{j}{p} = \frac{a}{x+Ka} \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{t}{w} = \frac{zb - a\tilde{v}}{x\tilde{v} - zy - kt}$$

where $\tilde{v} v^{\pm 1} = 1 \pmod{z}$

Hence $N(u + \frac{0}{1}) = K_1$, $N(u + \frac{t}{\omega}) = K_2$

has a sol'n iff the following also has a

$$N(\tilde{u} + \frac{0}{1}) = K_1 \quad , \quad N(\tilde{u} + \frac{t}{\omega + kt}) = K_2$$



Looking at $M - V$ w/a focus on $\partial(M - V) = \partial V$

