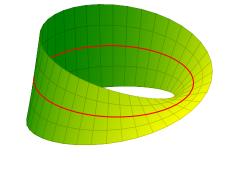
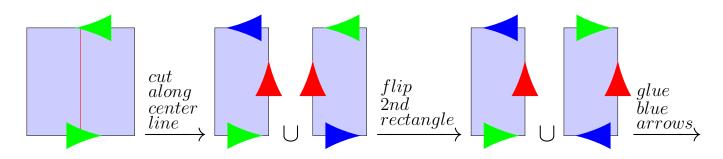
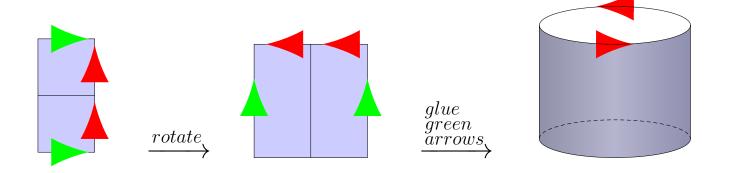
## Mobius band = Cross cap







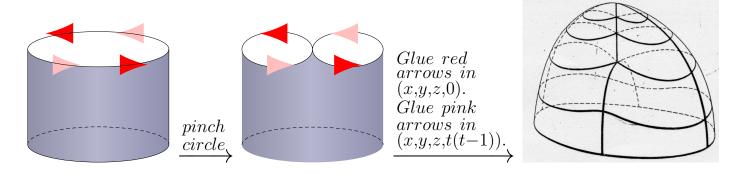


Figure 1: Cross cap in  $\mathbb{R}^4$ . Last figure from http://www.freud-lacan.com/freud/Champs\_specialises/Langues\_etrangeres/Anglais/Le\_cross\_cap\_de\_Lacan\_ou\_asphere

A chain complex is a sequence of homomorphisms of abelian groups such that  $\partial_n \partial_{n+1} = 0$  for all n:

$$\dots \xrightarrow{\partial_{n+2}} G_{n+1} \xrightarrow{\partial_{n+1}} G_n \xrightarrow{\partial_n} G_{n-1} \xrightarrow{\partial_{n-1}} \dots$$

Given a chain complex, define homology  $H_n = Ker(\partial_n)/Im(\partial_{n+1})$ .

A chain map  $\phi: (C_{\bullet}, \partial_{\bullet}) \to (D_{\bullet}, \partial'_{\bullet})$  is a collection of homomorphisms  $\phi_n: C_n \to D_n$  such that the following diagram commutes.

$$\cdots \longrightarrow C_{n+1} \xrightarrow{\partial_{n+1}} C_n \xrightarrow{\partial_n} C_{n-1} \xrightarrow{\partial_{n-1}} \cdots$$

$$\downarrow^{\phi_{n+1}} \downarrow^{\phi_n} \downarrow^{\phi_n} \downarrow^{\phi_{n-1}}$$

$$\cdots \longrightarrow D_{n+1} \xrightarrow{\partial'_{n+1}} D_n \xrightarrow{\partial'_n} D_{n-1} \xrightarrow{\partial'_{n-1}} \cdots$$

A chain map  $\phi: (C_{\bullet}, \partial_{\bullet}) \to (D_{\bullet}, \partial'_{\bullet})$  induces a map on homology  $\phi_*: H_n(C) \to H_n(D).$ 

Suppose  $f: X \to Y$  is continuous.

f induces the chain map  $f_{\#}: (C_{\bullet}(X), \partial_{\bullet}) \to (C_{\bullet}(Y), \partial_{\bullet}).$ 

 $f_{\#}(\sigma:\Delta\to X)=f\circ\sigma:\Delta\to Y$  and extend linearly.

4 methods for calculating homology:

- 1.) via definition 2.) via matrices
- 3.) hand-waving
- 4.)  $H_1(X) = \pi_1(X)/[\pi_1(X), \pi_1(X)]$  for X path connected. That is  $H_1$  is the abelianization of  $\pi_1$  (See Appendix 2A Hatcher).