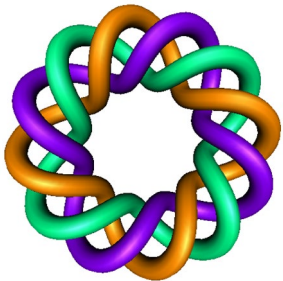


A Quick Review of Integration by Parts



By Dr. Isabel Darcy,
Dept of Mathematics and AMCS,
University of Iowa

Integration by parts:

Derivative of a product: $(uv)' = uv' + vu'$

$$uv' + vu' = (uv)'$$

$$uv' = (uv)' - vu'$$

$$\int uv' = \int (uv)' - \int vu'$$

$$\int uv' = (uv) - \int vu'$$

Integration by parts:

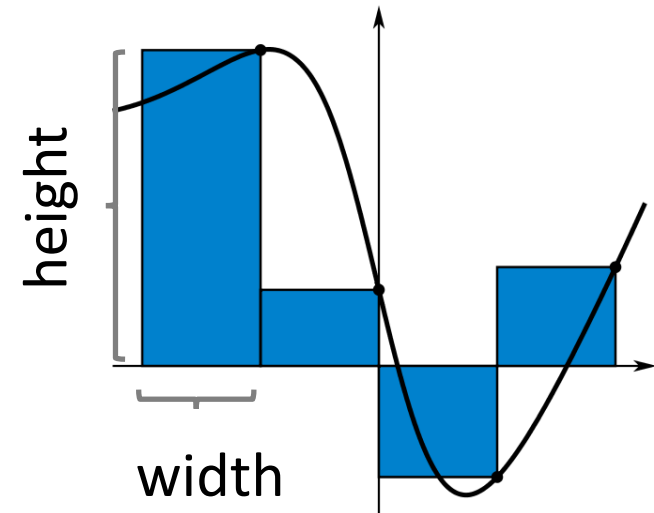
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$$uv' + vu' = (uv)'$$

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Example: $\int x^4 \cos(x) dx$

$$u = x^4, \quad dv = \cos(x)$$

$$du = 4x^3, \quad v = \sin(x)$$

$$\int x^4 \cos(x) = x^4 \sin(x) - \int 4x^3 \sin(x) dx$$

Example: $\int x^4 \cos(x) dx$

$$u = x^4, \quad dv = \cos(x)$$

$$du = 4x^3, \quad v = \sin(x)$$

$$d^2u = 12x^2, \quad \int v = -\cos(x)$$

$$\int x^4 \cos(x) = x^4 \sin(x) - \int 4x^3 \sin(x) dx$$

$$= x^4 \sin(x) - [4x^3(-\cos(x)) - \int 12x^2(-\cos(x)) dx]$$

$$= x^4 \sin(x) - 4x^3(-\cos(x)) + \int 12x^2(-\cos(x)) dx$$

Example: $\int x^4 \cos(x) dx$

$$u = x^4, \quad dv = \cos(x)$$

$$du = 4x^3, \quad v = \sin(x)$$

$$d^2u = 12x^2, \quad \int v = -\cos(x)$$

$$d^3u = 24x, \quad \int \int v = -\sin(x)$$

$$\int x^4 \cos(x) = x^4 \sin(x) - \int 4x^3 \sin(x) dx$$

$$= x^4 \sin(x) - [4x^3(-\cos(x)) - \int 12x^2(-\cos(x)) dx]$$

$$= x^4 \sin(x) - 4x^3(-\cos(x)) + \int 12x^2(-\cos(x)) dx$$

$$= x^4 \sin(x) - 4x^3(-\cos(x)) + 12x^2(-\sin(x)) dx - \int 24x(-\sin(x)) dx$$

Example: $\int x^4 \cos(x) dx$

$$u = x^4, \quad dv = \cos(x)$$

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$$d^2u = 12x^2, \quad \int v = -\cos(x)$$

$$d^3u = 24x, \quad \int \int v = -\sin(x)$$

$$d^4u = 24, \quad \int \int \int v = \cos(x)$$

$$\int x^4 \cos(x) = x^4 \sin(x) - [4x^3(-\cos(x))] + [12x^2(-\sin(x))] - [24x \cos(x)] + [24 \sin(x)] - \int 0 dx$$

$$\int x^4 \cos(x) = x^4 \sin(x) - \int 4x^3 \sin(x) dx = x^4 \sin(x) - [4x^3(-\cos(x)) - \int 12x^2(-\cos(x)) dx]$$

$$= x^4 \sin(x) - 4x^3(-\cos(x)) + \int 12x^2(-\cos(x)) dx$$

$$= x^4 \sin(x) - 4x^3(-\cos(x)) + 12x^2(-\sin(x)) dx - \int 24x(-\sin(x)) dx$$

$$= x^4 \sin(x) - 4x^3(-\cos(x)) + 12x^2(-\sin(x)) dx - [24x(\cos(x)) dx - \int 24 \cos(x) dx]$$

$$= x^4 \sin(x) - 4x^3(-\cos(x)) + 12x^2(-\sin(x)) dx - 24x(\cos(x)) dx + \int 24 \cos(x) dx$$

Example: $\int x^4 \cos(x) dx$

$$u = x^4, \quad dv = \cos(x)$$

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$$d^3u = 24x, \quad \int \int v = -\sin(x)$$

$$d^4u = 24, \quad \int \int \int v = \cos(x)$$

$$d^5u = 0, \quad \int \int \int \int v = \sin(x)$$

$$\int x^4 \cos(x) dx = x^4 \sin(x) - [4x^3(-\cos(x))]$$

$$+ [12x^2(-\sin(x))] - [24x \cos(x)]$$

$$+ [24 \sin(x)] - \int 0 dx$$

Example: $\int x^4 \cos(x) dx$

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$$d^5u = 0, \quad \int \int \int \int v = \sin(x)$$

$$\int x^4 \cos(x) dx = x^4 \sin(x) - [4x^3(-\cos(x))]$$

$$+ [12x^2(-\sin(x))] - [24x \cos(x)]$$

$$+ [24 \sin(x)] + C$$

Example: $\int e^{2x} \sin(3x) dx$

Let $u = \sin(3x)$, $dv = e^{2x}$

then $du = 3\cos(3x)$, $v = \frac{1}{2}e^{2x}$

then $d^2u = -9\sin(3x)$, $\int v = \frac{1}{4}e^{2x}$

Example: $\int e^{2x} \sin(3x) dx$

Let $u = \sin(3x)$, $dv = e^{2x}$

then $du = 3\cos(3x)$, $v = \frac{1}{2}e^{2x}$

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$$\int e^{2x} \sin(3x) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sin(3x) e^{2x} - \frac{3}{4} \cos(3x) e^{2x} + \int \left(-\frac{9}{4}\right) \sin(3x) e^{2x} dx$$

Example: $\int e^{2x} \sin(3x) dx$

Let $u = \sin(3x)$, $dv = e^{2x}$

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$\int e^{2x} \sin(3x) dx$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sin(3x) e^{2x} - \frac{3}{4} \cos(3x) e^{2x} + \int \left(-\frac{9}{4}\right) \sin(3x) e^{2x} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sin(3x) e^{2x} - \frac{3}{4} \cos(3x) e^{2x} - \frac{9}{4} \int \sin(3x) e^{2x} dx$$

$$\int e^{2x} \sin(3x) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sin(3x) e^{2x} - \frac{3}{4} \cos(3x) e^{2x} - \frac{9}{4} \int e^{2x} \sin(3x) dx$$

$$\int e^{2x} \sin(3x) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sin(3x) e^{2x} - \frac{3}{4} \cos(3x) e^{2x} - \frac{9}{4} \int e^{2x} \sin(3x) dx$$

Use algebra to solve for $\int e^{2x} \sin(3x)$:

$$\int e^{2x} \sin(3x) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sin(3x) e^{2x} - \frac{3}{4} \cos(3x) e^{2x} - \frac{9}{4} \int e^{2x} \sin(3x) dx$$

Use algebra to solve for $\int e^{2x} \sin(3x)$:

$$\frac{13}{4} \int e^{2x} \sin(3x) dx = \frac{1}{2} \sin(3x) e^{2x} - \frac{3}{4} \cos(3x) e^{2x}$$

$$\int e^{2x} \sin(3x) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sin(3x) e^{2x} - \frac{3}{4} \cos(3x) e^{2x} - \frac{9}{4} \int e^{2x} \sin(3x) dx$$

Use algebra to solve for $\int e^{2x} \sin(3x)$:

$$\frac{13}{4} \int e^{2x} \sin(3x) dx = \frac{1}{2} \sin(3x) e^{2x} - \frac{3}{4} \cos(3x) e^{2x}$$

Thus

$$\int e^{2x} \sin(3x) dx = \frac{4}{13} \left[\frac{1}{2} \sin(3x) e^{2x} - \frac{3}{4} \cos(3x) e^{2x} \right]$$