## Mathematics 121 Midterm Exam – Fred Goodman April, 2006 Version 1

Do all problems.

Responses will be judged for accuracy, clarity and coherence.

1. Show that any two bases of a finite dimensional vector space have the same cardinality.

2.

- (a) Show that a linear transformation on a finite dimensional vector space V over a field K determines a finitely generated torsion K[x]-module structure on V.
- (b) Show that two linear transformations are similar if, and only if, they determine isomorphic K[x]- modules.
- **3.** State, but do not prove, the theorem on the invariant factor decomposition of a finitely generated module over a principal ideal domain. (Note that the module is not assumed to be a torsion module.)
- 4. Consider the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 & -12 & 17 & 12 \\ 0 & -15 & 9 & 68 & 55 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -4 & 0 & 18 & 13 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

The characteristic polynomial of A is  $\chi_A(x) = (x-1)^2(x-2)^3$ .

- (a) Find the Jordan canonical form of A and find a matrix S in  $Mat_5(\mathbb{Q})$  such that  $S^{-1}AS$  is in Jordan canonical form.
  - It is helpful to know that a basis of the solution space of (A E)v = 0 is  $\begin{cases} -36\\39\\-4\\0\\12 \end{cases}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\17\\0\\4\\0 \end{bmatrix}$  and a basis of the solution space of (A-2E)v = 0 is  $\begin{cases} 1\\0\\0\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}$ .
- (b) What are the elementary divisors and the invariant factors of A?
- (c) What is the minimal polynomial of A?
- (d) What is the rational canonical form of A?