## CORRECTIONS TO

## Elementary Numerical Analysis

| Page | Line | Change |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 11 | Line 3 of Thm 1.2.1 | $\ldots$ denote the remainder or error in $\ldots$ |
| 20 | Problem 17 | Define $f(x)=\int_{0}^{x} e^{-t^{2}} d t$. |
|  |  | In the definition of $g(x)$, replace the term $h(x)$ in the |
| 115 | Problem 3 | denominator with $m h(x)$. |
|  |  | $\left\|b_{1}\right\|>\left\|c_{1}\right\|>0$ |
|  | $\left\|b_{j}\right\| \geq\left\|a_{j}\right\|+\left\|c_{j}\right\|, \quad a_{j}, c_{j} \neq 0, \quad j=2,3, \ldots, n-1$ |  |
| 289 | formula $(6.75)$ | $\left\|b_{n}\right\|>\left\|a_{n}\right\|>0$ |


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| 449 | Problem 6 | Change the first four lines as follows: |
|  |  | Verify that any function of the form $Y(x)=c_{1} \sqrt{x}+c_{2} x^{4}$ satisfies the equation |
|  |  | $x^{2} Y^{\prime \prime}(x)-\frac{7}{2} x Y^{\prime}(x)+2 Y(x)=0$ |
|  |  | Determine the solution of the equation with the boundary conditions |
|  |  | $Y(1)=1, \quad Y(4)=2$ |
| 454 | Line 4 | $\frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial y^{2}}\left(x_{i}, y_{j}\right)=\frac{u\left(x_{i}, y_{j+1}\right)-2 u\left(x_{i}, y_{j}\right)+u\left(x_{i}, y_{j-1}\right)}{h_{y}^{2}}+O\left(h_{y}^{2}\right)$ |
| 457 | Line -10 | n 1 l n l ; $\mathrm{h}=1 / \mathrm{n}$; |
| 457 | Line -9 | toln $=\left(h^{\wedge} 2\right) *$ tol |
| 458 | Line 6 | while ( $($ rel_err>toln) \& (itnum<=max_it)) |
| 464 | Line 1 of Problem 3 | Change $x^{3}$ to $x^{4}$ |
| 464 | Line 3 of Problem 3 | $\frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial x^{2}}+\frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial y^{2}}=2 x\left(x^{3}-6 x y+6 x y^{2}-1\right), \quad 0<x, y<1$ |
| 464 | Line -6 | $\cdots 0<x<1$ |
| 464 | Line -5 | $\cdots 0<y<1$ |
| 468 | Line 2 of Section 9.2.2 | ... we need to choose a stepsize . . |
| 476 | Midpage | Change $\gamma g_{2}\left(t_{n_{x}+1}\right)$ to $\gamma g_{2}\left(t_{k}\right)$ |
| 493 | Line -1 | Change "0.3777" to "0.3778" |
| 495 | Line -3 | $(a, b)$ and let $f(x)$ be continuous on $[a, b]$. Then $\ldots$ |
| 506 | Top graph | Interchange the labels for $\sin ^{-1}(x)$ and $\cos ^{-1}(x)$ on the graph |
| 511 | Line -3 | $\ldots$. . In addition, one can use ... |
| 529 | Line 10 of Example E. 4 | $2 x_{6}=1.0 \quad x_{7}=0 \quad a_{6}=1$ |
| 544 | Line 8 (in problem 7) | $M D(A \rightarrow U)=\frac{1}{2} n(n+1)-1$ |
| 546 | Line $x=2$ of table in 2(c) | Change "2.23E-2" to "2.23E-1" |
| 546 | Line -2 | Use $K=2 \max _{0 \leq x \leq b}\|4 Y(x)\|=4, \quad$ for $b \geq 1$. |
| 548 | Line $x=6$ of first table | Change "2.70E-5" to "2.55E-5" |
| 549 | Problem 2(a) | Append at the second line: |
|  |  | $y_{1}$ and $y_{2}$ obtained using the RK method of order 2 with $\gamma_{2}=1$. |

