

**Mathematics 121 Midterm Exam I – F. Goodman**  
**February, 2005**  
**Version 1**

Do all exercises.

Responses will be judged for accuracy, clarity and coherence.

1. Define the following:
  - (a) An ideal in a ring. (You do not have to define ring.)
  - (b) A prime ideal in a ring.
  - (c) A unit in a ring with identity.
  - (d) An irreducible element in a commutative ring with identity.
  - (e) A prime element in a commutative ring with identity.
  - (f) A Euclidean domain.
2. Consider the following conditions on a nonzero, nonunit element  $p$  in a **principal ideal domain**  $R$ :
  - $pR$  is a maximal ideal.
  - $pR$  is a prime ideal.
  - $p$  is prime.
  - $p$  is irreducible.What implications hold among these conditions? Prove sufficiently many implications so that all valid implications are entailed. (If you show that A implies B and that B implies C, you don't have to tell me, or to prove, that A implies C.)
3. Prove that a Euclidean domain is a principal ideal domain.
4. Let  $R$  be any ring and  $I$  any ideal. Let  $n$  be a natural number. Denote  $n$ -by- $n$  matrices over  $R$  by  $\text{Mat}_n(R)$ . Show that  $\text{Mat}_n(I)$  is an ideal in  $\text{Mat}_n(R)$ , and  $\text{Mat}_n(R)/\text{Mat}_n(I) \cong \text{Mat}_n(R/I)$ .
5. Let  $R$  be a commutative ring with identity. Let  $J$  be an ideal in  $\text{Mat}_2(R)$ . Define

$$J_0 = \{a \in R : \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \in J\}.$$

Show that  $J_0$  is an ideal in  $R$  and that  $J = \text{Mat}_2(J_0)$ . Conclude that if  $R$  is a field, then  $\text{Mat}_2(R)$  is simple.